

Date of issue: 2015-03-03 Pre-Fill Gas Converter Spray

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# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product Identifier

Trade name: Pre-Fill Gas Converter Spray

Trade code: 210186

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance/mixture and uses advised against

Paint converter.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: APP Sp. z o. o.

ul. Przemysłowa 10, 62 – 300 Września

Tel. +48 (061) 437 00 00 Fax. +48 (061) 437 91 37 Mail: app@app.com.pl

Strona WEB: www.app.com.pl

Safety Data Sheet e-mail: Tomasz Golda, t.golda@app.com.pl

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

+48 (61) 437 00 00

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## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02



GHS05



GHS07

Dgr

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Mixture is not classified as corrosive because of the form (dry granulate silica).

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC



F+ Extremly flammable



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Xn Harmful

R12 Produkt skrajnie łatwopalny

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Contains:

Acetone

Butan-1-ol

#### Signal word:

Danger

## Pictogram:



GHS02



GHS05



GHS07

## **Hazard statement(s)**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation
H318 Causes serious eye damage

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## **Precautionary statement(s)**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50  $^{\circ}$ C/122 $^{\circ}$ F.

P260 Do not breathe spray. P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container according to local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Does not fulfil criteria of PBT and vPvB according to annex XIII 1907/2006

UN: 1950

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1. Substances

N.A.

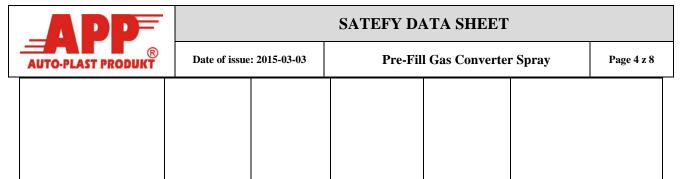


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3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of EEC directive 67/548 and CLP regulation and related classification:

Name	Conc.	CAS No	Index No	EC No	Classification:
<b>Dimethyl ether</b> REACH Reg No: 01-2119472128-37	25-50%	115-10-6	603-019-00-8	204-065-8	F+: R12  GHS02; GHS04 Dgr FlamGas1: H220 PressGas: H280
Acetone REACH Reg. No: 01-2119471330-49	25-50%	67-64-1	606-001-00-8	200-662-2	F: R11 Xi: R36 R66; R67 GHS02; GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2: H225 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 STOT SE 3: H336 EUH066
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha – unspecified; (Does not contain benzene; notes: H and P)	5-<10%	64742-95-6	649-356-00-4	265-199-0	R10 Xn: R65 Xi: R37 N: R51/53 R66; R67 GHS08 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226
					Asp. Tox. 1: H304 AquaticChronic 2: H411 STOT SE 3; H335+H336
<b>Xylene</b> REACH Reg. No 01-2119488216-32	10%÷12,5%	1330-20-7	601-022-00-9	215-525-7	R10 Xn:R20/21 Xi: R38 GHS02; GHS07 Wng FlamLiq.3: H226 AcuteTox.4: H312 AcuteTox.4: H332 SkinIrrit.2: H315
Butan-1-ol; n-butanol Nr Rej REACH: 01-2119484630-38	5-10%	71-36-3	603-004-00-6	200-751-6	R10 Xn; R22 Xi; R37/38; R41 R67 GHS02; GHS05; GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3: H226 Acute Tox. 4: H302 STOT SE 3: H335 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 Eye Dam. 1: H318 STOT STOT SE 3: H336



Full text of R-Phrases and H-Phrases can be found under heading 16

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water. In case of irritation, consult a doctor

## In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time. In case of irritation, consult an ophthalmologist. Remove Contact Lenses

#### In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a doctor immediately and show him label or Safety Data Sheet.

#### In case of Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of respiration problems, consult a doctor immediately and show him label or Safety Data Sheet.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye damage May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case if ingestion consult a doctor.

#### **Treatment:**

None

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media:

Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or water spray when fighting fires involving this material.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Water jet.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Toxic fumes may be evolved on burning or exposure to heat. Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

## 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Fires in confined spaces should be dealt with by trained personnel warning approved air supplied brething apparatus. Water may be used to cool nearby heat exposed areas/objects/packages. Avoid spraying directly into storage containers because of the danger of boil-over. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and recover liquid using sand or other suitable inert absorbent material. It is advised that stocks of suitable absorbent material should be held in quantities sufficient to deal with any spillage which may be reasonably anticipated. Recovery of large spillages should be effected by specialist personnel. Protect drains from



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potential spills to minimise contamination. Do not wash product into drainage system. Large and uncontained spillages should be smothered in foam to reduce the risk of ignition. The foam blanket should be maintained until the area is declared safe. Vapour is heavier than air and may travel to remote sources of ignition (e.g. along drainage systems, in basements, etc.). In the case of spillage on water, prevent the spread of product by the use of suitable barrier equipment. Recover product from the surface. Protect environmentally sensitive areas and water supplies. In case of spillage at sea, approved dispersants may be used where authorized by the appropriate regulatory authority. In the event of spillages, contact the appropriate authorities.

#### **6.4.** Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours. Prevent spillages. For comprehensive advice on handling, product transfer, storage and tank cleaning refer to the product supplier. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store and dispense only in well ventilated areas away from heat and sources of ignition. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with the product. Containers must be properly labelled and kept closed when not in use. Do not remove warning labels from containers. Do not re-use container for any other product. Empty packages may retain residual product; retain hazard warning labels on empty packages as a guide to their safe handling, storage and disposal. Do not introduce an ignition source. Heating may cause an explosion. Storage on solid, hydrocarbons-proof floor.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

N.A.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments.

Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

#### Eye protection:

Wear face visor or goggles in circumstances where eye contact can accidentally occur.

#### Protection for skin/hands:

If skin contact is likely, wear impervious protective clothing and/or gloves (nitrile:  $\geq$ 0.45 mm, 240 min.). Protective clothing should be regularly inspected and maintained. Change heavily contaminated clothing as soon as reasonably practicable and launder before re-use. Wash any contaminated underlying skin with soap and water.

## Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection is normally unnecessary, provided the concentration of vapour is adequately controlled. If operations are such that the excessive generation and inhalation of vapour may be anticipated, then suitable approved organic vapour and particulate respiratory equipment should be worn

#### Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance and colour: liquid, colour according to the label

Odour: characteristic, like acetone

Odour threshold: N.D.

pH: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: N.D. Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.D.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: 2,6-26,2% (v/v)

Vapour density: N.D. Flash point: <0°C Evaporation rate: N.A.



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Vapour pressure: 4000 hPa (20°C) Density: 758 kg/m³ (15°C) Solubility in water: insoluble

Solubility in organic solvents: soluble in aromatic solvents

Lipid solubility: N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Ignition temperature: N.D. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Viscosity dyn.: N.D. Viscosity kin.: N.D.

Explosive properties: can form an explisive mixture in air

Oxidizing properties: not oxidizing

9.2. Other information

VOC: 722,7 g/l

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Mixture is not reactive.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

- solar radiation
- sparks
- flame
- heat

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

- strong oxidisers
- strong acids

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye damage

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Toxicological information of components:

**Xylene** 

 LD50 (rat, ingestion):
 4300 mg/kg

 LC50 (rat, inhalation):
 22,1 mg/l/4h

 LD50 (rabbit, skin):
 2000 mg/kg

**Dimethyl ether** 

 $\overline{\text{LC50 (rat, inhalation)}}$ : 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4h

Acetone:

 LD50 (rat, ingestion)
 5800 mg/kg

 LC50 (rat, inhalation):
 39 mg/l/4h

 LD50 (rabbit, skin):
 20000 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.;

 LD50 (rat, ingestion):
 3592 mg/kg

 LC50 (rat, inhalation):
 >6193 mg/m³/4h

 LD50 (rabbit, skin):
 >3160 mg/kg

a) acute toxicity: no hazard

b) skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation

c) serious eye damage/irritation: causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitization:e) germ cell mutagenicity: no hazardf) carcinogenicity: no hazard

g) reproductive toxicity: no hazardh) STOT-single exposure: may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

i) STOT-repeated exposure: no hazard



j) aspiration hazard: no hazard

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Xylene** 

Dimethyl ether

Acetone:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.;

#### **Dimethyl ether**

- crustacea EC50 (Daphnia magna): >4000 mg/l/h

#### Acetone

- crustacea EC50 (Daphnia magna): 8800 mg/l/48h
- crustacea LC50 (Daphnia magna): 2262 mg/l/48h
- fish LC50: 5540 mg/l/96h

#### Butan-1-ol

- crustacea EC50 (Daphnia magna): 1328 mg/l/48h
- algae EC50: 8500 mg/l728h
- fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas): 1376 mg/l/96h

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.;

- crustacea EC50 (Daphnia magna): 150 mg/l/24h
- crustacea EC50 (Daphnia magna): 7,4 mg/l/48h
- fish LC50: 3,77 mg/l/96h

#### Xvlene

- crustacea EC50 (Daphnia magna): 7,4 mg/l/48h
- fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas): 13,5 mg/l/96h

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of via an authorised person/licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations or if approved allowed to degrade in situ. Dispose of product and container carefully and responsibly. Do not dispose of near ponds, ditches, down drains or onto soil. Empty packages may contain some remaining product. Hazard warning labels are a guide to the safe handling of empty packages and should not be removed.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## 14.1. UN number

1950

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Aerosols, flammable

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

#### 14.4. Packing Group

No

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

No

#### 14.6. Special Precautions for User

During handling wear personal protection equipment (see Section 8)

Avoid heat and flame.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

N.A.

Label: 2.1



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## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 67/548/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances). Dir. 99/45/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations). Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work). Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values); Dir. 2006/8/CE. Regulation (CE) n. 1907/2006 (REACH), Regulation (CE) n.1272/2008 (CLP), Regulation (CE) n.790/2009.

## Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 2003/105/CE ('Activities linked to risks of serious accidents') and subsequent amendments.

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

1999/13/EC (VOC directive)

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:				
R10	Flammable			
R11	Highly flammable			
R12	Extremely flammable			
R20	Harmful by inhalation			
R36	Irritating to eyes			
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking			
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness			
H220	Extremely flammable gas			
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol			
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour			
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour			
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated			
H315	Causes skin irritation			
H318	Causes serious eye damage			
H332	Harmful if inhaled			
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness			

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.